How to use Rispoval® IBR-Marker Live

You have been prescribed Rispoval® IBR-Marker Live for your herd, a vaccine which protects against BHV-1 (IBR). Please follow the important user information below.

Storage
Store refrigerated (between + 2°C and + 8°C) away from light. Do not freeze. Ideally transport vaccines in a cool bag/box.

Mixing
The vaccine comes in 2 vials, one containing a freeze-dried pellet and one containing diluent (water for injection). Using a sterile needle and syringe, transfer approximately 4 ml of diluent in the vial containing the freeze-dried pellet and mix well. Then transfer the contents of this vial into the remaining diluent vial and mix well. Once opened use within 8 hours.

Age of use
From 2 weeks of age.

Dosage
2 ml either:
- Intramuscularly
- Intranasally (1 ml per nostril), with intranasal applicator.

Vaccine course
- **Primary vaccination: calves 2 weeks - 3 months of age at first vaccination**
  2 doses - the first intranasally from 2 weeks, the second intramuscularly at 3 months of age.
- **Primary vaccination: cattle over 3 months of age**
  A single intramuscular vaccination.*
- **Cattle at immediate risk of IBR in the face of an outbreak**
  2 doses, the first intranasally, the second intramuscularly, 3-5 weeks later.
- **Booster vaccination**
  Single dose every 6 months.

Vaccine effective from:
7 days after intranasal administration.
21 days after intramuscular administration.

Duration of protection
- **Calves over 3 months of age**
  6 months.
- **Calves less than 3 months**
  Should be revaccinated at 3 months.

See opposite for details of when to use each application.

*To prevent abortions associated with BHV-1 in female cattle
- 2 doses, 3-5 weeks apart.
Rispoval® IBR Marker Live

A freeze-dried pellet containing attenuated gE-negative BHV-1 strain Difvac (IBR Marker virus) min. 10^6.4 CCID_50 plus stabiliser 6.0 mg. along with diluent. For the active immunisation of cattle to reduce the clinical signs of IBR, reduce virus shedding and to reduce BHV-1 associated abortions. Avoid vaccinating unhealthy animals. Following parenteral administration, in very rare cases a minor transient swelling, which generally subsides within 7 days, may occur at the injection site. Following intranasal inoculation in very rare cases a transient serous discharge may occur for up to 7 days. In very rare cases, allergic reactions may occur as with other vaccines, therefore vaccinates should be observed for approx. 30 minutes following immunisation. In those cases, anti-allergics should be administered. Immunosuppressive substances e.g. corticosteroids should be avoided for a period of 7 days prior to and after vaccination as this may impair the development of the immunity. Interferon sensitive products should not be applied intranasally following 5 days after intranasal vaccination. In case of accidental self-injection, seek medical advice immediately and show the package insert or the label to the physician. Protect from frost. Reconstituted vaccine should be used within 8 hours. [POM-V]

For further information please contact your veterinary surgeon or Zoetis UK Ltd, Walton Oaks, Tadworth, Surrey KT20 7NS.
www.zoetis.co.uk Customer Support: 0845 300 8034 Use medicines responsibly. (www.noah.co.uk/responsible)
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